

ULTRAMOTION

servocylinder

-Q- Controller Specification

A-Series: Electromechanical Linear Actuator with Fully Integrated Phase Index™ Control System



AMQ Series: Ruggedized Servo Cylinder with Vacuum Compatibility



AUQ Series: 6000+ Meter Subsea Servo Cylinder

Revision History

Revision	Date	Details
A.01	2/17/2023	Initial Release
B.01	7/28/2023	Added Preset Position Mode Functionality

Important Information When Using Our Products

Please note that Ultra Motion's commercial off-the-shelf (COTS) products are not intended for use in critical applications where failure of the product may cause bodily harm or death. Please consider the following information when designing our products into your system.

Performance

All commercial off-the-shelf products manufactured by Ultra Motion are designed to meet the performance specifications we publish in the product's manual. All life related data is provided as reference only and does not take into account application specific factors that can have significant impacts to the overall life of the product. Application specific factors can include: design loads, transient loads (shock, vibration, inertia), speed, environmental stresses (temperature, contamination), etc. Due to the fact that application specific factors can greatly affect the product's life, it is not possible to provide a generalized Mean Time Before Failure (MTBF). It is the customer's responsibility to determine the suitability of the product for their particular application.

Software

A-Series actuators have a built-in controller and are shipped with the latest release of controller firmware. The controller firmware is changed from time to time to add features, fix undesired behavior, or change how the controller operates. We do our best to thoroughly test each firmware release, but we do not guarantee that the controller firmware will be free of software problems that may cause undesirable or unpredictable behavior. It is extremely important that you test the actuator for your application and do not use the actuator in applications where the failure or unpredictable operation of the actuator may result in injury or death.

Change Control

Commercial off the shelf products are subject to changes that do not affect form, fit, or function. These changes can include the use of different PCB components, internal part revisions, suppliers, firmware, coloration, etc. Ultra Motion has the ability to track and manufacture version locked designs if your project has specific change control requirements. In a version locked design, the customer will be notified before any changes are made to their product.

Quality Control

Ultra Motion actuators are manufactured under our internal quality management system. 100% of the product we manufacture goes through a complete performance QC inspection before leaving our facility. Documented results of QC records are available to all customers.

Safety Information

IMPORTANT: Read this manual before installing and operating the Ultra Motion Servo Cylinder. Failure to read this section can result in personal harm or damage to the product.

Safety Disclaimer

The Servo Cylinder is intended to be a subcomponent of a larger piece of machinery or automated system. This section is not intended to provide the safety guidelines for the entire machine or system that the Servo Cylinder is installed into. It is the responsibility of the purchaser or system designer to assess the risks and safety requirements of the end application they are designing.

Safety Warnings

- Once powered, the Servo Cylinder is capable of rapid motion and can produce large amounts of force. Always ensure that safe clearances from people and equipment are maintained before applying power.
- While the Servo Cylinder operates on low voltage (8 to 36 VDC recommended), you must still use caution when handling and working around the actuator to avoid electrical shock.
- The motor of the actuator can become very hot, especially at high current draws. Take adequate time to cool before handling, and provide adequate ventilation for cooling of this device.

Safety Notifications



As you read through the manual, you will notice certain safety notifications that indicate other important safety related information.

Contents

Revision History	2
Important Information When Using Our Products	3
Safety Information	3
Connector Pinouts	5
AUQ Series Actuator Electrical Interface – SubConn Connectors	5
AMQ Series Actuator Electrical Interface	6
Servo Cylinder CAN Firmware v1.0 Details	7
Servo Cylinder -Q- Controller Configuration Overview	7
Servo Cylinder CAN Behavior/Configuration	7
Servo Cylinder Telemetry	10
Servo Cylinder Heater Functionality	13
Servo Cylinder Preset Position Mode	14
Servo Cylinder Configuration Variables	15
Appendix A: Serial Command Line Interface (CLI) List of Commands	24
Read Commands	24
Set Commands	26
Trajectory Commands	27
Streaming Commands	29
System Commands	30
Contact Information	32

Connector Pinouts

Reference UM711293 General Servo Cylinder manual for details on the connectors and handling of the hardware

AUQ Series Actuator Electrical Interface – SubConn Connectors

For information about the AM or AU series electrical interface, please contact Ultra Motion directly.

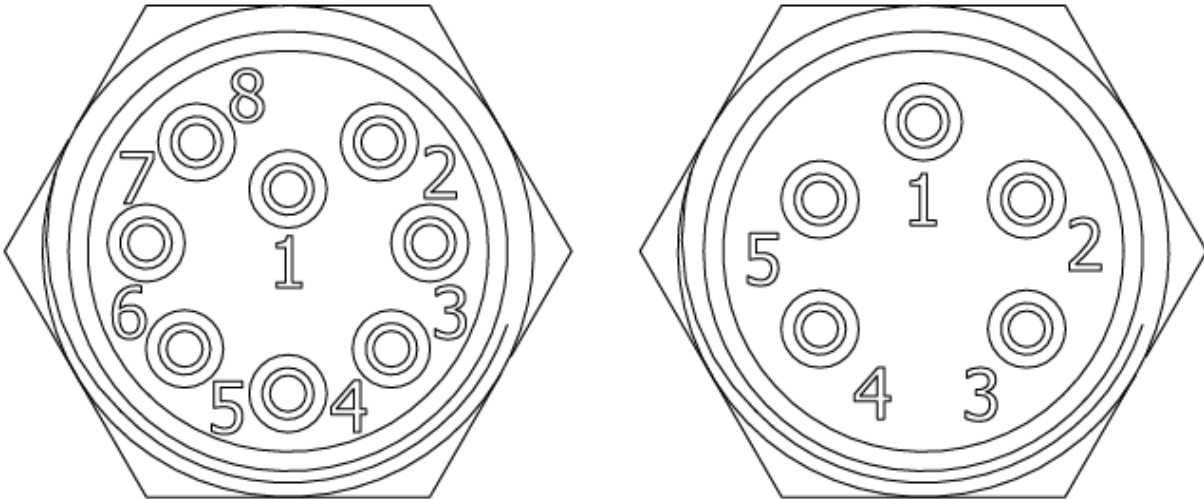


Figure 1: Pinouts for Signal (left) and Power (right) connectors on Standard AU series actuators.

	No.	Pin for “Q” Controller	Flying Lead Color (CBL-AU)
Signal	1	GND	BLACK
	2	RX+	WHITE
	3	CAN_H	RED
	4	TX+	GREEN
	5	TX-	ORANGE
	6	GND	BLUE
	7	RX-	WHITE/BLACK
	8	CAN_L	RED/BLACK
Power	1	GND	BLACK
	2	GND	WHITE
	3	V+	RED
	4	V+	GREEN
	5	CHASSIS	ORANGE

Table 1: Pin numbers, functionality, and cable wire colors for Standard AU series actuators. Modified pinout required for preset position mode. Other custom modifications available, contact Ultra Motion engineering.

AU – Standard Cable Installation

The standard AU SubConn connectors must be lubricated with Molykote 44 Medium on every installation. A layer of grease corresponding to a minimum of 1/10 socket depth should be applied to the female connector in dry-mate conditions. A layer of grease corresponding to 1/3 socket depth should be applied to the female connector in wet-mate situations. Angular loads on the cable and mated cable assembly must be minimized. Debris and mud on the male connectors and within the female connector sockets must be cleaned thoroughly before mating with liquid soap, hot water, and isopropyl alcohol. The orientation of the AU receptacles on the housing will be as shown with a tolerance of $\pm 30^\circ$.

AMQ Series Actuator Electrical Interface



WARNING: The electrical interface and pinouts vary between the actuator controller models. Using an improperly wired cable **will** damage to the actuator. Always be aware of your controller and its electrical interface before using the actuator.

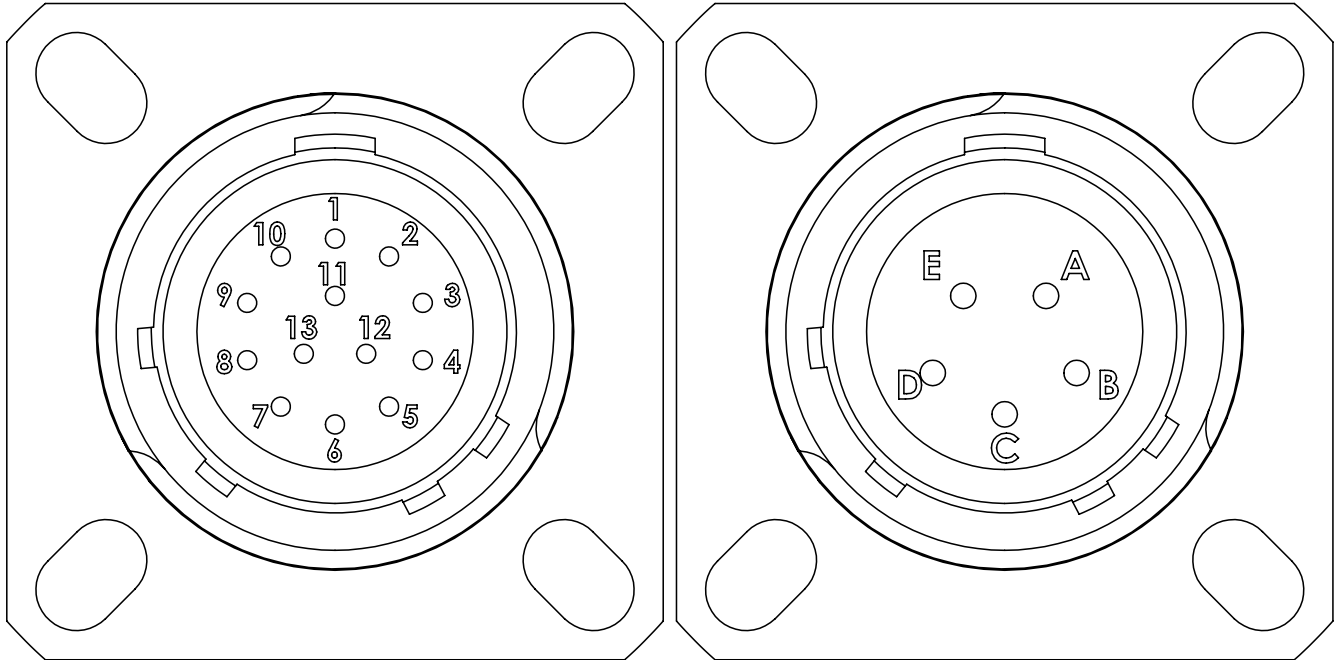


Figure 2: Pinouts for Signal (left) and Power (right) connectors on AM series actuators.

	No.	Pin for "Q" Controller	Flying Lead Color (CBL-AM)
Signal	1	IN1+	BLUE
	2	IN1-	TAN
	3	RX-	SLATE
	4	RX+	PINK
	5	TX-	VIOLET
	6	GND	ORANGE
	7	CAN_H	RED
	8	GND	BLACK
	9	CAN_L	WHITE
	10	TX+	GREEN
	11	IN2+	BROWN
	12	IN2-	YELLOW
	13	N/C	N/C
	SHELL	CHASSIS	DRAIN
Power	A	V+	RED
	B	V+	GREEN
	C	GND	BLACK
	D	GND	WHITE
	E	N/C	N/C
	SHELL	CHASSIS	DRAIN

Table 2: Pin numbers, functionality, and standard cable wire colors for AM series actuators. Note that the "SHELL" pin refers to the metal connector casing.

Servo Cylinder CAN Firmware v1.0 Details

The following reference document details Ultra Motion's -Q- controller protocols for the AU and AM Servo Cylinder

For details on the Servo Cylinder performance, configuration, wiring, etc. please reference the Servo Cylinder manual UM711293.

Servo Cylinder -Q- Controller Configuration Overview

This section provides an overview of how to configure the Servo Cylinder's -Q- controller. All configuration variables can be read or written via the RS-422 interface and saved to non-volatile memory. There are detailed help messages available that describe each of the available commands and configuration variables.

Read Variable

The current value in RAM for all configuration variables can be read via the RS-422 interface with the 'RV' command followed by the case-sensitive configuration variable name. E.g. reading the operating mode can be accomplished with the command "RV opMode"

Write Variable

All configuration variables can be overwritten via the RS-422 interface with the 'WV' command followed by the case-sensitive configuration variable and the desired setting. E.g., setting the operating mode to 1 can be accomplished with the command "WV opMode 1"

Save Configuration

The WV command will only change the variable in RAM, the configuration must be saved to non-volatile memory with the "CW321" command in order to maintain the changes after power cycling. A backup of the configuration can be saved to a protected section of flash memory for restoration after a factory recalibration or firmware update. The SB command will save the current configuration to the protected flash, and the BR command will restore the backup configuration.

Command Help Messages

The help messages within the CLI offer detailed information about each command including the required arguments, argument types, and descriptions. The HE command can be sent with no argument for a list of all possible CLI commands, or with a command as an argument for details on that specific command. E.g., "HE OP" will send details on the operating mode command.

Configuration Variable Help Messages

Details regarding each configuration variable can be accessed with the "VI" command. Following the VI command with a specific configuration variable name will provide details on that particular variable.

Servo Cylinder CAN Behavior/Configuration

This section provides an overview of the Servo Cylinder CAN firmware configuration options and behavior.

Operating Mode

The operating modes for this firmware include command line interface control to aid integration, and CAN control. The operating mode can be set via the `opMode` variable or via the RS-422 interface with the "OP" command.

`opMode` = 0 enables motion control through the RS-422 serial Command Line Interface

`opMode` = 1 enables motion control through CAN position command messages

`opMode` = 2 Preset position control mode

Command Line Interface Lock

The Servo Cylinder will start-up with the CLI locked when the `cliLock` variable is set to 0, which means no received serial commands will be executed. This is to protect the actuator from executing erroneous commands due to noise or user error. To use the command line interface the special command "LK" with the argument "unlock" is required (i.e. "LK unlock\r"). The actuator's CLI will lock after every power cycle.

CAN Baud Rate

The Servo Cylinder's CAN baud rate is definable with the `CANspd` variable. Values of 0 to 5 are acceptable and defined as follows:

`CANspd` =
0: 1 Mbps
1: 500 Kbps
2: 250 Kbps
3: 125 Kbps
4: 100 Kbps
5: 50 Kbps

CAN Message Type

The firmware will support either 11-bit (standard) or 29-bit (extended) identifiers, settable with the `CANext` variable.

`CANext` = 0: Standard message type (11-bit identifier)

`CANext` = 1: Extended message type (29-bit identifier)

Unit ID

`unitID` is the actuator's network address and is used along with `IDmask` to filter incoming CAN command messages. For acceptance, the message's identifier must match `unitID` where each corresponding bit in `IDmask` is set to '1'. If `CANext` = 0, only the lower 11 bits of `unitID` and `IDmask` are examined (standard message type). If `CANext` is not 0, the lower 29 bits of `unitID` and `IDmask` are examined (extended message type). Configuration is accomplished with the `unitID` variable. `unitID` can be any value from 0x00000000 to 0x1FFFFFFF.

ID Mask

`IDmask` is used along with `unitID` to filter incoming CAN command messages. For acceptance, the message's identifier must match `unitID` where each corresponding bit in `IDmask` is set to '1'. If a bit in `IDmask` is set to '0', the corresponding bit of an incoming can message is matched for acceptance regardless of its value. If `IDmask` is set to 0x00000000, CAN messages with any identifier will be accepted. If `IDmask` is set to 0x1FFFFFFF, only CAN messages with an identifier that exactly matches the relevant bits of `unitID` will be accepted. If `CANext` = 0, only the lower 11 bits of `unitID` and `IDmask` are examined (standard message type). If `CANext` is not 0, the lower 29 bits of `unitID` and `IDmask` are examined (extended message type). Configuration is accomplished with the `IDmask` variable. `IDmask` can be any value from 0x00000000 to 0x1FFFFFFF.

Command Message Data Format

The Servo Cylinder can receive up to 8 data bytes in each position command message from the master controller. The `rxData` variable is a string with a maximum length of 8 characters where each character designates a byte of data in the command message. The actuator must be configured to receive a position command.

The data format for received CAN position command messages is configured with the `rxData` variable

Command Message Data Format

Char	Description
<	Position command low byte
>	Position command high byte
(Max torque low byte
)	Max torque high byte
X	Ignore byte
x	Ignore byte

The default value of `rxData` = "<>" requires the user to send a CAN message with 2 data bytes containing the low byte of the position command as the first data byte in the message, and the high byte of the position command as the second data byte.

Position Interpolation

A position interpolation function provides smooth motion between each position update. The smoother motion provided by the interpolator increases mechanical reliability and actuator response.

Interpolation can be enabled/disabled with the `inEna` configuration variable or via RS-422 with the "EI" command.

`inEna` = 0 disables interpolation

`inEna` = non-zero enables interpolation

Interpolation Period

The interpolation period can be set with the `intvl` variable. This variable is set in 800 μ s increments and should be set equal to the expected position update interval from the master controller. If the update rate cannot be matched exactly, setting the interpolation interval slightly larger than the expected update interval is recommended. The default value of `intvl` is 50. This value is equal to a 40ms update interval (25Hz update frequency).

Default Start Position

The Servo Cylinder can be configured to drive to a default position on startup before receiving a valid CAN message, or on failure of the CAN bus leading to a timeout event. These events would execute a trajectory move to the position defined by `defPos` with trajectory parameters defined by the `maxSpeed` and `accel` configuration variables. As an example, the `defPos` variable could be set to a control surface's neutral position.

The default position can be set with the `defPos` variable. The units are in Phase Index absolute position encoder counts

Received Message Timeout

The received message timeout period can be set with the `rxTO` configuration variable. This variable is set in 800 μ s increments. The default value is 1250 (1 second) When a timeout occurs, the appropriate status register bit will become active and the actuator's timeout behavior (set by `TOact`) will initiate.

Timeout Action

The Servo Cylinder can be configured for different behaviors after a CAN timeout event

TOact = 0 holds the current position

TOact = 1 executes a trajectory move to the default position **defPos**

The timeout action can be set with the **TOact** configuration variable.

Startup Action

The Servo Cylinder can be configured for different behaviors at startup before receiving the first valid CAN message.

SUact = 0 holds the current position

SUact = 1 executes a trajectory move to the default position **defPos**

The startup action can be set with the **SUact** configuration variable.

Servo Cylinder Telemetry

The Servo Cylinder will report back user configurable telemetry via the CAN bus with a configurable telemetry message ID.

Telemetry Enable

The **txEna** configuration variable is used to turn on/off the Servo Cylinder CAN telemetry transmit functionality. This can be configured by writing the **txEna** variable or via RS-422 with the "ET" command.

txEna = 0 disables telemetry

txEna = non-zero enables telemetry

Telemetry Interval

The rate at which the Servo Cylinder transmits the telemetry CAN message is configurable and set by editing the **txIvl** variable. The setting is in milliseconds and has a valid range of 4 to 65535. Care must be taken to not overload the CAN bus by setting the interval value too low. The default value is 1000 (1 second).

Telemetry Message ID

The **txID** variable sets the identifier for the transmitted telemetry CAN message. This represents the destination of the telemetry message. Either the lower 11 bits (standard) or the lower 29 bits (extended) of **txID** are used depending on CAN message type setting (**CANext**). The user can specify the ID in decimal or hex if preceded with "0x". **txID** can be any value from 0x00000000 to 0x1FFFFFFF, the default value for **txID** is 0x0000007F.

Telemetry Message Data Format

The data bytes of the telemetry message are configurable with the `txData` configuration variable. The `txData` variable is a string where each character designates a byte of data in the telemetry message. `txData` may be 1 to 8 characters in length.

Telemetry Message Data Format

Char	Description
A	Status word byte 0 (LSB)
B	Status word byte 1
C	Status word byte 2
D	Status word byte 3 (MSB)
E	Average motor current over telemetry interval (0 to 32767) byte 0 (LSB)
F	Average motor current over telemetry interval (0 to 32767) byte 1 (MSB)
G	Servo Cylinder position, absolute encoder value (0 to 65535) byte 0 (LSB)
H	Servo Cylinder position, absolute encoder value (0 to 65535) byte 1 (MSB)
I	Position converted to input range (<code>pMin</code> to <code>pMax</code>) byte 0 (LSB)
J	Position converted to input range (<code>pMin</code> to <code>pMax</code>) byte 1 (MSB)
K	Latched high copy of status word byte 0 (LSB)
L	Latched high copy of status word byte 1
M	Latched high copy of status word byte 2
N	Latched high copy of status word byte 3 (MSB)
O	Latched low copy of status word byte 0 (LSB)
P	Latched low copy of status word byte 1
Q	Latched low copy of status word byte 2
R	Latched low copy of status word byte 3 (MSB)
S	8-bit position between physical stops (<code>rPos</code> to <code>ePos</code>)
T	8-bit motor current 16-sample average of last 16 ms (0 to 255)
U	8-bit bus voltage 0 VDC to +50 VDC (0 to 255)
V	8-bit average motor current over telemetry interval (0 to 255)
W	8-bit max motor current over telemetry interval (0 to 255)
X	8-bit signed integer PCB temp sensor °C (-50 to +127)
Y	8-bit unsigned PCB temp sensor in °C where 0 = -50°C and 200 = +150°C (0 to 200)
Z	8-bit +5V bus voltage
m	Max motor current over telemetry interval (0 to 32767) byte 0 (LSB)
c	Max motor current over telemetry interval (0 to 32767) byte 1 (MSB)
p	<code>unitID</code> byte 0 (LSB)
q	<code>unitID</code> byte 1
r	<code>unitID</code> byte 2
s	<code>unitID</code> byte 3 (MSB)
t	Target position, absolute encoder value byte 0 (LSB)
u	Target position, absolute encoder value byte 1 (MSB)

The telemetry message may include anywhere from 1 to 8 bytes of data and they can be any combination of the above options. Latched status bytes are reset after they are transmitted. Latched low bytes are reset high, and latched high bytes are reset low. The default value of `txData` is "KLMGHEFY"

Status Word Definition

The status word contains details of the Servo Cylinder's health and state. The configurable telemetry includes latched and non-latched versions of the individual status word bytes.

Status Word

Bit	Description
0	Position at or beyond retracted physical stop rPos
1	Position at or beyond extended physical stop ePos
2	Position beyond retracted software limit spMin
3	Position beyond extended software limit spMax
4	Supply voltage low, motor in COAST (<6.75 VDC, 1 V hysteresis)
5	Supply voltage high, motor in dynamic brake (>44.0 VDC, 2 V hysteresis)
6	Torque output greater than ovTorq limit
7	Torque command at maxTorq limit
8	Speed below "stop" threshold
9	Direction is extend
10	Position at target (position near target within posWin for posTime)
11	Following error (position error larger than fErrWin for time period fErrTime)
12	Command RX error (message not received in [rxTO * 800 µs])
13	Telemetry TX error (message not sent over full telemetry interval)
14	CAN position command input capped at low limit pMin
15	CAN position command input capped at upper limit pMax
16	Trajectory move active
17	Heating active
18	Temperature at PCB greater than ovTemp value
19	Temperature at PCB less than unTemp value
20	Voltage at switching regular input is above the supply voltage
21	Fatal error in configuration or startup, MOTOR DISABLED
22	Fault output bit of DRV8323RS (Bridge Driver)
23	Erroneous warm reset of the CPU has occurred
24	opMode (CLI = 0, CAN = 1, preset position = 2)
25	Interpolation enabled
26	Self-Heating is enabled
27	CAN bus module in passive mode
28	Internal 5V bus voltage is below 4.6 VDC
29	Internal 5V bus voltage is above 5.4 VDC
30	Opto input 1
31	Opto input 2

Servo Cylinder Heater Functionality

The Servo Cylinder has a configurable heating functionality to maintain an acceptable PCB temperature when the measured temperature drops below a configurable threshold. This section outlines the configuration variables used to define the behavior. The Servo Cylinder is rated for -40°C low temperature operation. The actuator must be initially powered on at a minimum temperature of -40°C.

Heater Enable

The heating functionality is enabled/disabled with the `heatEna` configuration variable with the “EH” command.

`heatEna` = 0 disables heating function

`heatEna` = non-zero enables heating function

Heater Temperature Threshold

The `heatTmp` variable sets the temperature threshold below which the heater will activate. As an example, “SH -35.0” will set the heater activation threshold to -35.0 °C.

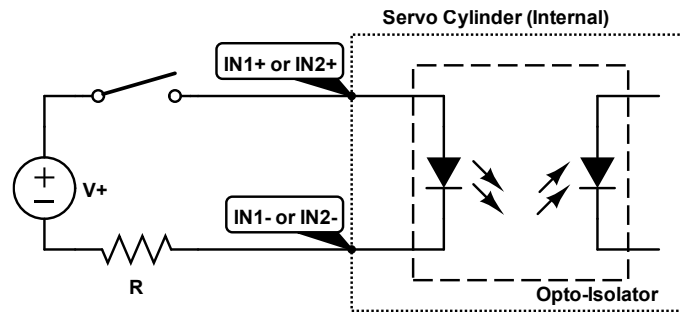
Heater Current Setting

The heater current setting defines the quiescent motor current that is applied when heating is activated. The Servo Cylinder controller will ensure the minimum current by increasing a non-torque producing magnetic field in the stator when the torque command drops below the minimum quiescent current setting. The controller will trade torque-producing and non-torque-producing magnetic fields as the load changes in order to ensure the minimum current setting is met. This quiescent current will produce heat in the PCB and stator when the PCB temperature falls below the `heatTmp` threshold. The units are the same as the motor current feedback. Contact Ultra Motion engineering for suggestions on the magnitude of the heater current setting.

Servo Cylinder Preset Position Mode

The -Q- controller includes two optically isolated digital inputs that can be used to operate in a preset position mode for simple point-to-point applications. The state of the optically isolated inputs will be mapped to four configurable preset positions, and a trajectory move at **maxSpeed** and **accel** will be executed on a state change. There is a 25 millisecond delay between state changes and initiation of the trajectory move. The actuator will perform a rapid deceleration before initiating a new trajectory if a state change occurs while in motion.

The Servo Cylinder's digital inputs are optically isolated, meaning that they are electrically isolated from the rest of the circuit and therefore do not share a common ground. This is to provide optimal noise rejection. It is acceptable to connect IN1- or IN2- to actuator ground in order to simplify wiring, but this will remove the benefit of the noise rejection from optical isolation.



IN2	IN1	Position
OFF	OFF	Pos1
OFF	ON	Pos2
ON	OFF	Pos3
ON	ON	Pos4

Using Higher Voltages for Optically Isolated Inputs on the -Q- Controller

For the "Q" control board, the digital inputs need to be energized with between 5 mA and 15 mA of forward current to be activated. This can be achieved with a voltage between 2.5 and 6.6 volts (DC). A voltage in excess of 6.6 volts can be used if it is in conjunction with an appropriately sized current limiting resistor. The range of resistor sizes can be calculated as a function of voltage using the equations below. Be sure to choose appropriate wattage ratings for the resistors.

$$R_{min}[ohms] = \frac{V[volts] - 1.25}{.015} - 356, \quad R_{max}[ohms] = \frac{V[volts] - 1.85}{.005} - 440$$

Servo Cylinder Configuration Variables

This section details configuration variables used by this firmware. These variables are stored within the microcontroller's flash memory and are configurable via the RS-422 serial interface.

opMode – Operating Mode

Variable Type: Integer

Valid Range: 0 to 2

Default: 1

Serial Command: OP

This setting determines whether the actuator's motion is controlled via the RS-422 command line interface (**opMode** = 0), via the CAN bus (**opMode** = 1), or via the optically isolated digital inputs in preset position mode (**opMode** = 2)

cliMode – Serial Interface mode

Variable Type: Integer

Valid Range: 0 to 2 (see table below)

Default: 0

Serial Command: IM

This setting changes the behavior of the Serial Command Line Interface to be either human mode or machine mode. For more information on how to use machine mode please reference UM711293 page 61

Setting	Mode	Description
0	Human Mode	All commands are followed by a verbose acknowledgement in the serial prompt. Detailed information regarding actuator commands is written to the serial prompt. Echo is enabled.
1	Machine Mode 1 (MACHINE1)	All commands are followed by a simplified acknowledgement (ACK/NACK). No detailed information is sent to the serial prompt. Echo is disabled
2	Machine Mode 2 (MACHINE2)	All commands followed by a simplified acknowledgement (ACK/NACK). No detailed information is sent to the serial prompt. Echo is disabled Every command must be followed by a valid checksum to be acknowledged. Note: If you are in Machine Mode 2, you can use the command "im0 26" (case sensitive) to set interface back to Human Mode.

Table 20: Serial Interface Modes

The primary difference between Machine Mode 1 and Machine Mode 2 is that Machine Mode 2 requires a checksum is sent with *all* commands. Both MACHINE1 and MACHINE2 modes return a checksum with the response.

cliBaud – Serial Baud Rate

Variable Type: Integer

Valid Range: 2400 to 256000

Default: 115200

Serial Command: wv cliBaud

This setting sets the Baud rate for serial communication. Serial is accessible in all control modes and is used for diagnostics, configuration, initial setup, and control with **opMode** = 0 . Default Baud rate is 115200. Lower baud rates will be more tolerant to noise and crosstalk at the expense of data bandwidth.

cliLock – Command Line Interface Lock

Variable Type: Integer

Valid Range: 0 to 65535

Default: 7

Serial Command: wv cliBaud

This setting determines if the CLI will startup locked or unlocked

kp, ki, and kd – PID Gains k_p , k_i , and k_d (Respectively)

Variable Type: Integer

Valid Range: 0 to 268435455 (for practical limits, see Tuning Performance on page 66 of UM711293)

Default: $k_p = 1200$, $k_i = 250000$, $k_d = 10000$

Set Command: KP, KI, KD

These three values represent the gains for the proportional, integral, and derivative terms of the position PID control loop. Internal scaling of these gains is unique to this PID algorithm. Default factory values used represent typical stable gains.

spMin - Software Position Minimum

Variable Type: Integer

Valid Range: rPos to ePos (Note: rPos and ePos are the physical travel limits)

Rules: $rPos \leq spMin < spMax \leq ePos$

Default: 2048

Set Command: LN

This configuration variable sets the minimum allowable position of the Servo Cylinder. The variable `spMin` can be treated as a retracted software limit switch. The value is expressed in Phase Index sensor counts and there are 1024 counts per revolution of the motor and screw.

spMax - Software Position Maximum

Variable Type: Integer

Valid Range: rPos to ePos (Note: rPos and ePos are the physical travel limits)

Rules: $rPos \leq spMin < spMax \leq ePos$

Default: $spMax = (ePos - 1024)$

Set Command: LX

This setting sets the maximum allowable position of the Servo Cylinder. `spMax` can be treated as an extended software limit switch. The value is expressed in Phase Index sensor counts and there are 1024 counts per revolution.

Note: Stroke vs. Software-Limited Travel Range

The stroke length is defined as the full distance between the hard end-stops (physical travel limits) of the actuator. The positions of these limits are defined by the positions rPos (retracted end-stop) and ePos (extended end-stop). For safety and to account for trajectory overshoot, the actuators are shipped from the factory by default with the travel range limited to be slightly smaller than this full stroke. By default, `spMin` (the software retracted travel limit) is set 1024 counts (one screw rotation) higher than rPos, and `spMax` (the software extended travel limit) is set 1024 counts lower than ePos.

In general, it is possible to safely reclaim some of this stroke by reducing the size of both gaps between the hard end-stop and the software travel limit. Before doing this, we highly recommend that you measure any amount by which your actuator overshoots trajectory as part of normal operation. Understand that hitting the hard end-stop can damage or reduce the operating life of the actuator.

maxTorq - Max Torque

Variable Type: Integer

Valid Range: 0 to 32767

Default value: 10000

Set Command: MT

This setting limits the torque demand signal that commands the FOC current loop, thereby limiting the force produced by the Servo Cylinder. The value represents a percentage of full force output where 32767 equals 100%. The relationship is linear with a slight offset do to unloaded running friction of the system. Contact Ultra Motion engineering for more detailed information.

maxSpeed - Maximum Speed

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 50000000 (Practical upper limit ~8000000)
Default: 1500000
Set Command: SP

This variable sets the top speed for trapezoidal profile trajectory moves. Note that it is possible to set the max speed higher than what the motor can move at. The maximum speed that the motor can move at depends on the operating voltage, load, and other factors.

accel - Acceleration and Deceleration Rate

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 131071
Default: 5000
Set command: AC

This setting defines the acceleration and deceleration the Servo Cylinder will use in profile trajectory moves. Note: the acceleration and deceleration will be equal.

CANspd – CAN Baud Rate

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 5
Default: 0
Serial Command: wv CANspd

This variable defines the baud rate of the CAN interface. There are 6 options designated by the integers 0 to 5. 0 = 1 Mbps, 1 = 500 Kbps, 2 = 250 Kbps, 3 = 125 Kbps, 4 = 100 Kbps, 5 = 50 Kbps

CANext – CAN Message Type

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 65535
Default: 1
Serial Command: wv CANext

This variable defines whether the Servo Cylinder is configured for CAN2.0B standard message type (11-bit identifiers), or extended message type (29-bit identifiers). **CANext** = 0 configures standard message type (11-bit ID). A non-zero value in **CANext** sets the actuator to extended message type (29-bit ID).

unitID – CAN Identifier

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0x00000000 to 0x1FFFFFFF
Default: 0x00000003
Serial Command: wv unitID

unitID is the actuator's network address and is used along with **IDmask** to filter incoming CAN command messages. For acceptance, the message's identifier must match **unitID** where each corresponding bit in **IDmask** is set to '1'. If **CANext** = 0, only the lower 11 bits of **unitID** and **IDmask** are examined (standard message type). If **CANext** is not 0, the lower 29 bits of **unitID** and **IDmask** are examined (extended message type).

IDmask –Mask for CAN Identifier

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 0x1FFFFFFF
Default: 0x1FFFFFFF
Serial Command: wv IDmask

IDmask is used along with **unitID** to filter incoming CAN command messages. For acceptance, the message's identifier must match **unitID** where each corresponding bit in **IDmask** is set to '1'. If a bit in **IDmask** is set to '0', the corresponding bit of an incoming can message is matched for acceptance regardless of its value. If **IDmask** is set to 0x00000000, CAN messages with any identifier will be accepted. If **IDmask** is set to 0x1FFFFFFF, only CAN messages with an identifier that exactly matches the relevant bits of **unitID** will be accepted. If **CANext** = 0, only the lower 11

bits of [unitID](#) and [IDmask](#) are examined (standard message type). If [CANext](#) is not 0, the lower 29 bits of [unitID](#) and [IDmask](#) are examined (extended message type).

rxData – Actuator Command Data Configuration

Variable Type: String

Valid Range: <>()Xx

Default: <>

Serial Command: wv rxData

This variable configures the data format of received position command messages. [rxData](#) is a string with a length from 1 to 8 characters. Each character in [rxData](#) designates a function for the corresponding data byte in the position command message. The number of data bytes in the position command message must match the number of characters in [rxData](#). For example, if the master is sending out command messages with 8 data bytes, then [rxData](#) should be padded with 'X' or 'x' like this: "xxxx<>xx", where '<' = position low byte, '>' = position high byte, and 'x' = ignore byte. The characters '(' and ')' can also be used to set the [maxTorq](#) value, similar to running the "MT" command through the CLI. '(' is [maxTorq](#) low byte, and ')' is [maxTorq](#) high byte. The acceptable range for the position command value is [pMin](#) to [pMax](#). The acceptable range of the [maxTorq](#) value is 0 to 32,767. [maxTorq](#) is not updated if '(' or ')' characters are not included in [rxData](#).

SUact – Startup Action

Variable Type: Integer

Valid Range: 0 to 65535

Default: 0

Serial Command: wv SUact

This variable defines the behavior of the actuator on start up before receiving a valid CAN command message. A value of 0 causes the actuator to hold position and a value of 1 executes a trajectory move to [defPos](#)

TOact – Timeout Action

Variable Type: Integer

Valid Range: 0 to 65535

Default: 0

Serial Command: wv TOact

This variable defines the behavior of the actuator after not receiving a valid CAN position command message within the configurable receive timeout period [rxTO](#). A value of 0 causes the actuator to hold position and a value of 1 executes a trajectory move to [defPos](#)

rxTO – Interpolation Timeout Period

Variable Type: Integer

Valid Range: 0 to 65535

Default: 1250

Serial Command: wv rxTO

This variable defines the interpolation timeout period in increments of 800 μ s.

pMin and pMax – Position command range

Variable Type: Integer

Valid Range: 0 to 65535

Default: [pMin](#) = 0, [pMax](#) = 65535

Set Command: wv pMin / wv pMax

This variable defines the valid command range that will be sent to the actuator via CAN messages. The value of [pMin/pMax](#) will be mapped to the actuator's travel range [spMin/spMax](#).

sigInv – Inversion of Response to Input Signal

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 or 1
Default: 0
Set Command: wv sigInv

Inverts the response of the actuator with respect to the input signal. A value of 0 does not invert. A value of 1 inverts.

defPos – Default Position

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: spMin to spMax
Default: (spMin + spMax)/2
Serial Command: wv defPos

defPos is the absolute encoder value of the default position. The actuator can move to defPos upon startup if no valid position command messages have been received, or in the event of a position command message not being received in the rxTO timeout period. The behavior of the actuator in these situations is defined by the SUact and TOact variables.

inEna – Interpolation Enable Flag

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 65535
Default: 7
Serial Command: EI

Setting inEna to 0 disables position interpolation, setting to a non-zero value enables position interpolation.

intvl – Interpolation Interval

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 5 to 65535
Default: 50
Serial Command: wv intvl

This variable defines the interpolation period in units of 800 µs. The default value is 50 (40 milliseconds), which is equivalent to a 25 Hz position update rate.

txID – CAN Message ID

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 0x1FFFFFFF
Default: 0x0000007F
Serial Command: wv txID

This variable is the 29-bit or 11-bit CAN 2.0B identifier for the telemetry message. This represents the destination address of the telemetry message. If CANext=0, only the lower 11 bits are used.

txData – Telemetry Data Selection

Variable Type: String
Valid Range: A-Z, c, m, p, q, r, s
Default: "KLMGHEFY"
Serial Command: wv txData

The specific telemetry data bytes to be broadcast are selected with this configuration variable. The string may have a length from 1 to 8 characters. The length of the txData string will determine how many data bytes are included in the telemetry message. Each character in txData designates one byte in the telemetry message.

txlvl – Telemetry Interval

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 4 to 65535
Default: 1000
Serial Command: wv txlvl

The telemetry interval defines the broadcast period of the telemetry message from the Servo Cylinder in milliseconds. Care must be taken to ensure the CAN bus is not overloaded by too rapid a transmission rate.

txEna – Telemetry Enable Flag

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 65535
Default: 7
Serial Command: ET

Setting [txEna](#) to 0 disables the telemetry being broadcast from the Servo Cylinder, setting to a non-zero value enables telemetry.

heatEna – Heater Enable Flag

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 65535
Default: 7
Serial Command: EH

Setting [heatEna](#) to 0 disables the heating function, setting to a non-zero value enables the heating function.

heatTmp – Heater Temperature Threshold

Variable Type: Float
Valid Range: -50.0 to 149.0
Default: -20.0
Set Command: wv heatTmp

Defines the temperature threshold that causes the heater to activate. Units are in °C

heatCur – Heater Quiescent Current

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 15000
Default: 5000
Set Command: wv heatCur

This command sets the quiescent motor current value used when heating is activated. The units are the same as the [maxTorq](#) variable.

fErrWin – Following Error Window

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 32767
Default: 512
Serial Command: wv fErrWin

This variable defines the position error threshold in encoder counts that will trigger the “following error” status bit. This variable is only used to define the behavior of the related status bit.

fErrTime – Following Error Timeout Period

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 10000
Default: 100

Serial Command: wv fErrTime

This variable defines the position error threshold timeout in milliseconds that will trigger the following error status bit. The following error must exceed the **fErrWin** threshold for **fErrTime** milliseconds for the status bit to go high. This variable is only used to define the behavior of the related status bit.

posWin – Position At-Target Window

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 32767
Default: 5

Serial Command: wv posWin

This variable defines the window within the position setpoint that will be considered a completion of the position move and set the “position at target” status bit to high. This variable is only used to define the behavior of the related status bit

posTime – Position At-Target Time

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 10000
Default: 10

Serial Command: wv posTime

This variable defines the position at-target time in milliseconds that will trigger the position-at-target status bit. The position must be within the **posWin** window for **posTime** milliseconds for the status bit to go high. This variable is only used to define the behavior of the related status bit.

ovTorq – Over Torque Threshold

Valid Range: 0 to 32766
Default: 8200

Set Command: wv ovTorq

Defines the torque threshold that causes the “Over Torque” status bit to go active (when Torque > **ovTorq**). This variable is only used to define the behavior of the related status bit.

stSpeed – Stopped Speed Threshold

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 65534
Default: 2

Set Command: wv stSpeed

Defines the speed below which the “stopped” status bit is set high. This variable is only used to define the behavior of the related status bit.

ovTemp – Over Temperature Threshold

Variable Type: Float
Valid Range: -50.0 to 149.0
Default: 40.0

Set Command: wv ovTemp

Defines the torque threshold that causes the “Over Temperature” status bit to go active (when Temp > **ovTemp**). This variable is only used to define the behavior of the related status bit. Units are in °C

unTemp – Under Temperature Threshold

Variable Type: Float
Valid Range: -50.0 to 149.0
Default: -40.0
Set Command: wv unTemp

Defines the torque threshold that causes the “Under Temperature” status bit to go active (when Temp < unTemp). This variable is only used to define the behavior of the related status bit. Units are in °C

strEna – Enabled Serial Streaming

Variable Type: 16-bit Unsigned Integer
Valid Range: 0 to 65535
Default: 0
Set Command: XG

Start or stop the RS-422 serial streaming functionality. Setting this variable to zero will stop streaming, non-zero will begin streaming.

strlvl – Serial Streaming Interval

Variable Type: 32-bit Unsigned Integer
Valid Range: 203 to 4294967295
Default: 2344
Set Command: wv strlvl

This variable sets the broadcast rate for the serial streaming functionality. The units are in 1/234375 seconds

tPos1, tPos2, tPos3, tPos4 –Preset Positions

Variable Type: Integer
Valid Range: spMin to spMax
Default: (spMin + spMax)/2
Serial Command: wv tPos1 / wv tPos2 / wv tPos3 / wv tPos4

Set the preset absolute position values used by the actuator when operating in preset position mode.

strC1/strC2/strC3 – Serial Streaming Columns

Variable Type: 16-bit Unsigned Integer

Valid Range: 0 to 23

Default: 0

Set Command: wv strC1 / wv strC2 / wv strC3

Set the desired variable to stream in each of the three streaming columns.

Streaming Columns

Number	Description
0	Column off
1	Actuator position
2	Position command set-point
3	Torque feedback
4	Torque command set-point
5	Motor phase 1 current
6	Motor phase 2 current
7	Motor phase 3 current
8	Encoder counts per 10msec (vel)
9	Internal 5V bus voltage
10	Supply voltage
11	Status register
12	CAN frame receive status
13	CAN frame transmit status
14	CAN position command word
15	CAN scaled position command
16	Temperature degrees F
17	Temperature degrees C
18	Temperature sensor value
19	Optically-isolated input 1
20	Optically-isolated input 2
21	Position error
22	Received CAN frame count
23	Transmitted CAN frame count

Appendix A: Serial Command Line Interface (CLI) List of Commands

Read Commands

RV – Read Configuration Variable(s)

Argument: Variable name

This command returns the value of any of the configuration variables for all configuration settings.

VI – Read Configuration Variable(s) Details

Argument: Variable name

This command returns details about any of the configuration variables

FS – Read Actuator Information

Argument: None

This command returns the firmware version currently running on the Servo Cylinder as well as the unique product serial number.

SR – Read Status Register

Argument: 0 to 31, or none

This command returns the value of the 32-bit Status Register, or request specific bits within the status register. Sending this command without an argument will return the value of the status register in hex format. Calling the SR command followed by a value from 0 to 31 will return the value of the status register bit which corresponds with the argument.

BV – Read Bus Voltage

Argument: None

This command returns bus voltage, which is the DC power supply voltage used to power the actuator.

IV – Read Internal 5V Bus Voltage

Argument: None

This command returns the value of the actuator's internal +5VDC bus voltage

RT – Read Temperature at Controller Circuit Board

Argument: 0 to 1, or none

This command returns the temperature measured by the temperature sensors on the controller circuit board (not within the motor windings). Note that temperature of windings will typically be in excess of this figure due to localized heating. The windings can very rapidly heat up at high loads before the PCB temperature sensor detects a change due to the large differences in thermal mass. The units depend upon the argument provided with the command.

Argument	Return
0	Temperature of sensor in °F
1	Temperature of sensor in °C

QP – Read Position Setpoint

Argument: None

This command returns the position setpoint currently being commanded by the chosen operating mode.

AP – Read Actuator Position

Argument: None

This command returns the absolute position of the Servo Cylinder.

TQ – Read Motor Torque

Argument: None

This command returns the transformed three phase current feedback, which is a measure of motor torque (-32768 to 32767).

VL – Read Actuator Velocity

Argument: None

This command returns the velocity of the actuator as measured by the change in position over a time interval. Negative values represent motion towards the retracted direction; positive values represent motion towards the extended position.

CI – Display CAN bus status info

Argument: None

Returns details on CAN bus communications

HI – Display Heater status info

Argument: None

Returns details on the motor heater function

XI – Display serial streaming info

Argument: None

Returns details on the serial streaming setup

RI – Read Information about the last CPU reset

Argument: None

Returns details about the cause of the last CPU reset

EC – Read Configuration Error

Argument: None

This command returns any errors that are associated with the configuration or startup

ES – Read critical errors

Argument: None

Returns any critical errors forcing the actuator into safe mode

ZD – Read Bridge Driver DIAG Register

Argument: None

Read the detailed bridge driver diagnostic information from the Servo Cylinder.

RT – Report the temperature at the control board

Argument: 0 to 1, or none

Read the temperature at the control board

RT 0 reports in °F, RT 1 reports in °C, no argument reports in both units

UP – Read the uptime since the last restart

Argument: None

Read the amount of time that has passed since the last power reset in milliseconds

RV – Read the value of a configuration variable

Argument: Variable name, case sensitive

Read the current value of a configuration variable

Set Commands

WV – Write any configuration variable

Argument: Variable name, case sensitive

This command is used to set all configuration variables

OP – Read/Set opMode - Operating mode of the actuator

Argument: See Setting Description

This command sets the operating mode **opMode** of the Servo Cylinder. Issue this command without an argument to read the current value of the configuration variable.

IM – Read/Set ifMode – Serial Interface mode

Argument: See Setting Description

This command sets the configuration variable “**ifMode** – Serial Interface mode” to be equal to the provided argument. Issue this command without an argument to read the current value of the configuration variable. Details on human and machine mode can be found in the Servo Cylinder manual UM711293

LN – Read/Set spMin - Software Position Minimum

Argument: See Setting Description

This command sets the configuration variable “**spMin** - Software Position Minimum” to be equal to the provided argument. Issue this command without an argument to read the current value of the configuration variable.

LX – Read/Set spMax - Software Position Maximum

Argument: See Setting Description

This command sets the configuration variable “**spMax** - Software Position Maximum” to be equal to the provided argument. Issue this command without an argument to read the current value of the configuration variable.

KP, KI, and KD – Read/Set kp, ki, and kd – PID Gains

Argument: See Setting Description

These commands set the configuration variables “**kp**, **ki**, and **kd** – PID Gains” to be equal to the provided argument. Issue this command without an argument to read the current value of the configuration variable.

MT – Read/Set maxTorq - Max Torque

Argument: See Setting Description

This command sets the configuration variable “**maxTorq** - Max Torque” to be equal to the provided argument. Issue this command without an argument to read the current value of the configuration variable. Torque demand output of the PID algorithm will be capped at this value before being passed to the FOC layer.

SP – Read/Set maxSpeed - Maximum Profile Speed

Argument: See Setting Description

This command sets the configuration variable “**maxSpeed** - Maximum Speed” to be equal to the provided argument. Issue this command without an argument to read the current value of the configuration variable. This variable sets the max speed at the top of a trapezoidal profile trajectory move.

AC – Read/Set accel - Profile Acceleration and Deceleration Rate

Argument: See Setting Description

This command sets the **accel** configuration variable. Issue this command without an argument to read the current value of the configuration variable. This variable sets the acceleration and deceleration of a trapezoidal profile trajectory move.

EI – Read/Set inEna the enable interpolation signal flag

Argument: See Setting Description

This command enables (**intEna** = NONZERO) or disables (**intEna** = 0) position interpolation. Issue this command without an argument to read the current value of the configuration variable.

ET – Read/Set txEna the Telemetry Enable flag

Argument: See Setting Description

This command sets the telemetry enable flag of the Servo Cylinder. Setting to a NONZERO value enables telemetry to be broadcast over the CAN bus. Issue this command without an argument to read the current value of the configuration variable.

EH – Read/Set heatEna the heater enable flag

Argument: See Setting Description

This command sets the heater enable flag to activate or deactivate the heating functionality. Setting to a NONZERO value enables heating. Issue this command without an argument to read the current value of the configuration variable.

Trajectory Commands

Trajectory commands are used to smoothly move the actuator to a desired position using the user configurable max speed and acceleration. The actuator must be in CLI operating mode (**opMode** = 0) to execute trajectory moves.

TA – Trajectory Move to Absolute Position

Argument: **spMin** to **spMax**

Sending this command result in a trajectory move to the requested position equal to the argument. Trajectory moves obey the **maxSpeed** (maximum profile speed) and **accel** (profile acceleration) settings.

Example: Move to absolute position 25,000 with acceleration value 2,000 and max speed 200,000:

```
AC2000
SP200000
TA25000
```

TO – Trajectory Move to Offset (Incremental Trajectory Move)

Argument: None

Trajectory move a relative distance from the Servo Cylinder’s current position. This command will not execute if the requested offset move will send the actuator beyond **spMin** or **spMax**.

TR – Trajectory Move to Fully Retracted Position (spMin)

Argument: None

Trajectory move to “**spMin** - Software Position Minimum” with user defined speed and acceleration.

TM – Trajectory Move to Midpoint

Argument: None

Trajectory move to midpoint with user defined speed and acceleration. The midpoint is defined by

$$\frac{(spMax + spMin)}{2}$$

TE – Trajectory Move to Fully Extended Position (spMax)

Argument: None

Trajectory move to “spMax - Software Position Maximum” with user defined speed and acceleration.

TD – Trajectory Move to the default Position

Argument: None

Trajectory move to “defPos – Default Position” with user defined speed and acceleration

TK – Interrupt Current Trajectory Move

Argument: None

Halt the current trajectory motion before completion.

T1 – Preset Position 1 Trajectory Move

Argument: None

Initiate a trajectory move to tPos1

T2 – Preset Position 2 Trajectory Move

Argument: None

Initiate a trajectory move to tPos2

T3 – Preset Position 3 Trajectory Move

Argument: None

Initiate a trajectory move to tPos3

T4 – Preset Position 4 Trajectory Move

Argument: None

Initiate a trajectory move to tPos4

TS – Preset-Position Mode Trajectory Move Abort

Argument: None

Halt the current trajectory motion before completion.

PC – Set PID Target to Current Position

Argument: None

Sets the current position setpoint to the current absolute position value

PA – Set Absolute Target Position

Argument: spMin to spMax

Sending this command with a valid argument will set the current target position to that value, resulting in an immediate move to the newly commanded position. This writes directly to the position register of the actuator, bypassing all trajectory generation. This leads to a full acceleration, full speed move to the new target position and ignoring maximum speed and maximum acceleration settings. Users will typically use this command for maximum dynamic performance in conjunction with an external trajectory generator.

Streaming Commands

The RS-422 serial interface includes the option to stream up to three variables in columns for telemetry purposes

XG – Start serial streaming

Argument: None

Start the serial streaming

XS – Stop serial streaming

Argument: None

Stop the serial streaming

XT – Stream Interval

Argument: 203 to 4,294,967,295

Set the rate at which the serial stream data is broadcast. The units are 1/234,375 seconds

X1/X2/X3 – Stream column data selector

Argument: 0 to 23

Set the variable to be broadcast for each of the three stream columns

System Commands

ZC – Run Calibration Utility



WARNING: Servo Cylinder must be at least one full motor rotation (1024 encoder counts) from either physical hard-stop before running this command. Running the calibration routine command when the actuator is less than one full motor rotation from an end stop can result in erroneous operation of the motor.



WARNING: The servo Cylinder must be disconnected from any external load and free to move the full stroke/travel length during the entire calibration routine.

Argument: 321

Consult with Ultra Motion engineers before using this command. The Servo Cylinder must be disconnected from any external system and free to move for the entire stroke of the actuator. Additionally, it must be at a position at least one revolution from either hard-stop. Restore the previous

ZU – Jump to Serial Firmware Update Utility

Argument: 321

Suspend normal operation of the Servo Cylinder and launch the on-board bootloader to update the firmware. The actuator should be removed/disconnected from the machine to prevent potential.

The configuration variables can be backed up to the Servo Cylinder's on-board flash storage with the "SB321" command. After the firmware update is complete, the backup can be restored with the "BR321" command. Do not issue the "SB" command while the actuator is moving or the motion may be interrupted.

ZR – Reboot Controller

Argument: 321

Initiate a CPU warm reset

CW – Write current settings to non-volatile memory

Argument: 321

This command will take all current operational settings and write them to non-volatile memory. This must be done if a setting was changed via a serial command, and you wish to retain this change after a reboot.

SB – Back up Internal File System

Argument: 321

Backs up the current configuration to a protected section of flash storage.



WARNING: Do not execute the "SB" command while the actuator is moving or the motion may be interrupted.

BR – Restore File System from Backup

Argument: 321

Restores the file system from backup in flash storage.

BC – Check for Existing Backup

Argument: 321

Check if a backup of the file system exists in the actuator's flash storage.

LK – Lock or Unlock the CLI

Argument: "lock" or "unlock"

Lock or unlock the command line interface. This CLI will lock on every power cycle if cliLock is set to 0

Argument: Variable name

This command will print out a list of all Serial CLI commands with no argument, or details on a particular variable.

Contact Information

If you have any questions about the Servo Cylinder or any of our other products, contact us by one of the following methods:



INQUIRY

Leave a web inquiry (to be replied to within one business day):

ultramotion.com/contact



LIVE CHAT

Live Chat directly with one of our engineers:

ultramotion.com



EMAIL

Email (to be replied to within one business day):

info@ultramotion.com



CALL

PH: 888-321-9178

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